rants), lodging, shopping transit, and so forth, each represented by an icon **5302**. The user may select an icon **5302** causing submenu screen **5608**, **5708** to be displayed to provide additional subcategories **5610**, **5710** from which a desired POI may be selected. In some instances, a scroll button icon **5612**, **5712** may be selected to access additional categories **5614**, **5714** within submenu screen **5608**, **5708**. The user interface **300** may then cause a listing of POI information **5402** to be displayed in submenu screen **5400**. A POI **5404** be selected from the listing **5402** by a user of the mobile communication device **102**, causing the user interface **300** to display submenu screen **5500**. In one or more embodiments, submenu screen **5300** may further include a button icon **5616**, **5716** that permits the user to select the location of POIs to be displayed (e.g., the user's current location, a different city, a destination).

[0140] As noted, the mobile communication device **102** of FIG. **1** may be provided with a camera **138** to capture digital image media, which may be stored in memory **106**. FIG. **58** illustrates submenu screens **5800**, **5802** of the user interface **300** that provide access to functionality to capture, store and/or geocode digital image media using the camera **138**. As show, submenu screen **5800** includes a displayed image to be captured (e.g., as a still photograph, as a video, and so forth). A button icon ("Capture") **5804** may be selected, via touch input to the touch screen **132** or depression of another I/O device button of the mobile communication device **102** (e.g., a camera button). The captured image may then be stored to memory **106** as a digital image media file. Exif data may be stored with the file to provide metadata about the image captured. For example, Exif data may include the date and time the image media was captured, the location where the media was captured determined by the position-determining module **120**, and the like.

[0141] The digital image media file may be displayed by display device **130** and/or transmitted to other devices via a network **110** (e.g. via an email or MMS text message). Location information stored as Exif data may also be used for navigation. Thus, as shown in FIG. **58**, submenu screen **5802** displays a popup menu **5808** that provides access to functionality to display a map of the area surrounding the location where the image was captured, and/or navigate to this location.

[0142] FIGS. **59**, **60**, **61** and **62** illustrate submenu screens **5900**, **6000**, **6100**, **6200** of the user interface **300** provide access to social networking and or friend finding functionality. Submenu screen **5900** may include a friend list **5902** containing a list of entries **5904** corresponding to the user's friends sorted based on the distance of the friends from the user (e.g., the distance the friends are from the mobile communication device **102**). Entries **5904** within the friend list **5902** may provide a variety of information related to the identity and/or status of the friends represented. For example, entries **5904** within the friend list **5902** may indicate the name of the friend, the distance of the friend from the user, the friend finding service the friend is using (e.g., via a network icon configured to identify the network), and the status of the friend (e.g. "Bored" or "Busy at work"). Other information may be furnished by the friend list **5902**. Submenu screen **5900** may further display the update status of the user (e.g., the last time the displayed information was updated by the service) **5906**. Button icons allow the user to update the displayed friend information **5908**, to invite new friends **5910**, and so forth.

[0143] Submenu screen **6000** provides access to functionality that allows a user of the mobile communication device to remove a friend from the friend list **5902** of submenu screen **5900**. In embodiments, submenu screen **6000** may include a status field **6002** that displays information such as the current status of the friend (e.g., "Mike has not accepted your invitation yet") and the friend finding service the friend is using (e.g., "Buddy Beacon"). A button icon (e.g., "Remove") **6004** is provided to receive input to remove the friend.

[0144] A user may select an entry **5904** from friend list **5902** to display additional information describing the status of the friend. Submenu screen **6100** may then be displayed by the user interface **300** to display this information. As shown, submenu **6100** includes a status field **6102** that is configured to display information for the friend such as the friend's identity (e.g., name, screen name, username, and so on), status, address, friend finding system, and so forth. Submenu screen **6100** further includes button icons to initiate functionality to display a map of the area in which the friend is located **6104** and/or to provide navigation information to navigate to the friend's location **6106**. A status bar **6108** furnishes the update status of the displayed information for the friend.

[0145] In embodiments, navigation information to the friend may be displayed via a moving map **6202** provided by submenu **6200** of FIG. **62**. The location of friends may be displayed on the map display **6202** as a friend icon **6204**. The location of the user may similarly be displayed as a user icon **6206** such as an automobile graphic, an arrow, and so forth. As the user moves about, the moving map display **6202** may change to reflect the user's changed location, and the location of nearby friends may be automatically displayed as friend icons **6204** displayed on the map display **6202**. Similarly, as nearby friends of the user move about and new location information is received, the positions of friend icons **6204** representing those friends within the map display **6202** may change to reflect the changed locations of the friends.

[0146] The main menu screen **302** and/or the submenu screens **500-6200** of the user interface **300** may present day and night modes, wherein a lighter background is employed while the day mode is active (e.g., during daytime) and a darker background is employed while the night mode is active (e.g., during nighttime). Additionally, the main menu screen **302** and/or the submenu screens **500-620** may include a status bar **338** that is configured to display status information for the mobile communication device **102**, a navigation bar that facilitates navigation between submenu screens, and so on. In embodiments, status information furnished by the status bar **338** may include, but is not limited to, the current time, cellular network signal strength, BLUETOOTH availability WIFI availability and signal strength, GPS signal availability, remaining battery life, and so on.

CONCLUSION

[0147] Although techniques to provide a user interface for a display of a mobile communication device have been described in language specific to structural features and/or methodological acts, it is to be understood that the appended claims are not necessarily limited to the specific features or acts described. Rather, the specific features and acts are disclosed as exemplary forms of implementing the claimed devices and techniques.